AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (currently amended) A process for preparing 1-butene polymers optionally containing up to 30% by mol of derived units of ethylene, propylene or an alpha olefin of formula CH₂=CHZ, wherein Z is a C₃-C₁₀ alkyl group, comprising polymerizing 1-butene and optionally ethylene, propylene or said alpha olefin, in the presence of a catalyst system obtained by contacting:
 - a) at least a metallocene compound of formula (I):

$$R^4$$
 R^5
 R^6
 R^6

wherein:

M is an atom of a transition metal selected from those belonging to group 3, 4, 5, 6 or to the lanthanide or actinide groups in the Periodic Table of the Elements;

p is an integer from 0 to 32, being equal to the formal oxidation state of the metal M minus 2;

X, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, halogen atoms, or R, OR, OSO_2CF_3 , OCOR, SR, NR_2 or PR_2 groups, wherein R is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, C_7 - C_{20} alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} arylalkyl radical, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; or two X can optionally form a substituted or unsubstituted butadienyl radical-or a OR'O group wherein R' is a divalent radical selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_6 - C_{40} arylidene, C_7 - C_{40} alkylarylidene and C_7 - C_{40} arylalkylidene radicals;

 R^1 , equal to or different from each other, are linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

 R^2 , R^3 and R^6 , equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; R^4 and R^5 , form together a condensed saturated or unsaturaded C_3 - C_7 membered ring optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; every atom forming said ring being substituted with R^7 radicals wherein R^7 , equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

L is a divalent bridging group selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkylidene, C_6 - C_{20} arylidene, C_7 - C_{20} alkylarylidene, or a C_7 - C_{20} arylalkylidene radical optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, or a silylidene radical containing up to 5 silicon atoms; and

- b) an alumoxane or a compound that forms an alkylmetallocene cation.
- 2. (original) The process according to claim 1 wherein the catalyst system further comprises an organo aluminum compound.
- 3. (previously presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein in the compound of formula (I), M is titanium, zirconium or hafnium; X is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a R group and L is Si(R⁸)₂, wherein R⁸ is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀-aryl, C₇-C₂₀-alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀-arylalkyl radical.
- 4. (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein R^1 is a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radical; R^2 , R^3 and R^6 are hydrogen atoms and R^7 is a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radical.
- 5. (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the compound of formula (I) has formula (IIa) or (IIb):

$$R^7$$
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7
 R^8
 R^8

- 6. (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein 1-butene is homopolymerized.
- 7. (currently amended) A metallocene compound of formula (IIb):

$$R^7$$
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^8
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
(IIIb)

wherein

M is an atom of a transition metal selected from those belonging to group 3, 4, 5, 6 or to the lanthanide or actinide groups in the Periodic Table of the Elements;

p is an integer from 0 to 32, being equal to the formal oxidation state of the metal M minus 2;

L is a divalent bridging group selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkylidene, C_6 - C_{20} arylidene, C_7 - C_{20} alkylarylidene, or a C_7 - C_{20} arylalkylidene radical optionally containing

heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, or a silylidene radical containing up to 5 silicon atoms;

R¹, equal to or different from each other, are linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀-aryl, C₇-C₂₀-alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

R², R³ and R⁶, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀-aryl, C₇-C₂₀-alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

 R^7 , equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

X, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, halogen atoms, or R, OR, OSO₂CF₃, OCOR, SR, NR₂ or PR₂ groups, wherein R is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, C_7 - C_{20} alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} arylalkyl radical, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; or two X can optionally form a substituted or unsubstituted butadienyl radical or a OR'O group wherein R' is a divalent radical selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_6 - C_{40} arylidene, C_7 - C_{40} alkylarylidene and C_7 - C_{40} arylalkylidene radicals.

- 8. (cancelled)
- 9. (currently amended) A process for preparing a metallocene compound of formula (IIb):

$$R^7$$
 R^7
 R^8
 R^8
(IIb)

wherein

M is an atom of a transition metal selected from those belonging to group 3, 4, 5, 6 or to the lanthanide or actinide groups in the Periodic Table of the Elements;

p is an integer from 0 to 32, being equal to the formal oxidation state of the metal M minus 2;

L is a divalent bridging group selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkylidene, C_6 - C_{20} arylidene, C_7 - C_{20} alkylarylidene, or a C_7 - C_{20} arylalkylidene radical optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, or a silylidene radical containing up to 5 silicon atoms;

R¹, equal to or different from each other, are linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀-aryl, C₇-C₂₀-alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

R², R³ and R⁶, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀-aryl, C₇-C₂₀-alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing one or more heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

 R^7 , equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

X, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, halogen atoms, or R, OR, OSO_2CF_3 , OCOR, SR, NR_2 or PR_2 groups, wherein R is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, C_7 - C_{20} alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} arylalkyl radical, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; or two X can optionally form a substituted or unsubstituted butadienyl-radical or a OR'O group wherein R' is a divalent radical selected from C_1 - C_{20} alkylidene, C_6 - C_{40} arylidene, C_7 - C_{40} alkylarylidene and C_7 - C_{40} arylalkylidene radicals;

comprising the following steps:

a)contacting a ligand of formula (V)

or its double bond isomer

with a base of formula T_jB or $TMgT^1$, or sodium or potassium hydride, or metallic sodium or potassium; wherein B is an alkaline or alkali-earth metal and j is 1 or 2, j being equal to 1 when B is an alkaline metal, and j being equal to 2 when B is an alkaliearth metal; T is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, C_7 - C_{20} alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} arylalkyl groups, optionally containing at least one Si or Ge atom; T^1 is a halogen atom or a group OR" wherein R" is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl or C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing at least one heteroatom belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; wherein the molar ratio between said base and the ligand of the formula (V) and is at least 2:1; and

- b) contacting the product obtained in step a) with a compound of formula MX₄.
- 10. (cancelled)
- 11. (cancelled)